

POWER SUPPLY LOADING INDICATORS AND METHODS

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to power supplies, and more particularly, to monitoring of power supplies.

A conventional power supply, such as an uninterruptible power supply (UPS) used to provide AC and/or DC power for computer, communications, or other
5 equipment, may include some way of indicating to an operator the level of loading of the power supply. For example, the Powerware® 5125 rack-mounted UPS includes a bank of light-emitting diodes (LEDs) mounted on its front panel that provide load level indication, i.e., the percentage of rated load currently being served by the UPS. Other conventional UPSs may include an LED or other indicator that shows when the
10 UPS is overloaded. Some conventional power strips also include some type of indicator for indicating loading of the strip.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Some embodiments of the present invention arise from a realization that
15 improved power distribution monitoring may be provided by providing respective segment loading indicators for respective load segment outputs of a power supply, such as a UPS. According to further aspects of the invention, a loading indicator may be provided on a rear panel of a power supply, such as a rack-mountable UPS, such that loading of an output of the power supply can be determined without reference to
20 a front panel display. Such rear-panel indicators may be provided for respective load segment outputs of the power supply.

In particular, according to some embodiments of the invention, an apparatus comprises a plurality of segment loading indicators configured to be electrically coupled to respective load segment outputs of a power supply, such as a UPS. Each
25 of the segment loading indicators is operative to provide an indication, e.g., a visual indication, of a loading of the associated load segment output. At least one of the segment loading indicators may be operative to provide an indication of a loading of the associated load segment output with respect to load rating of the associated load segment output. In some embodiments, at least one of the segment loading indicators
30 is operative to provide an indication of a loading of the associated load segment output with respect to a load rating of a circuit protection device that protects the

associated load segment output. The plurality of segment loading indicators may be integrated in the power supply and/or in a power distribution device configured to be connected to the power supply and including the load segment outputs.

In further embodiments of the invention, a UPS includes a housing having first
5 and second panels, e.g., front and rear panels. The UPS further includes a power
output at the second panel of the housing and uninterruptible power supply circuitry
supported by the housing and operative to generate a voltage at the power output. The
UPS also includes a user interface positioned at the first panel of the housing and
operatively associated with the uninterruptible power supply circuitry. A loading
10 indicator is coupled to the power output and is operative to provide a visual indication
at the second panel of the housing of a loading of the power output. The power output
may include a plurality of load segment outputs, and the loading indicator may
comprise a plurality of segment loading indicators, respective ones of which are
operative to provide respective visual indications of loadings of the respective load
15 segment outputs with respect to load ratings of the load segment outputs.

In still further embodiments of the invention, a UPS includes a plurality of
load segment outputs and uninterruptible power supply circuitry operative to provide
power at the load segment outputs. The UPS also include respective segment loading
indicators coupled to the respective load segment outputs and operative to provide
20 respective indications of loadings of the respective load segment outputs. Related
methods are also described.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 illustrates a segment loading indicator apparatus according to some
25 embodiments of the invention.

FIG. 2 illustrates segment loading indicators for a UPS according to further
embodiments of the invention.

FIG. 3 illustrates segment loading indicators for indication loading of circuit
protection devices according to some embodiments of the invention.

30 FIGS. 4A, 4B and 5 illustrate UPSs with rear-panel loading indicators
according to further embodiments of the invention.

FIGS. 6 and 7 illustrate provision of segment loading indicators in power
distribution devices according to additional embodiments of the invention.

FIGs. 8 and 9 illustrate exemplary loading indicators according to some embodiments of the invention.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Specific exemplary embodiments of the invention now will be described with reference to the accompanying drawings. This invention may, however, be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein; rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be
10 thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the invention to those skilled in the art. In the drawings, like numbers refer to like elements. It will be understood that when an element is referred to as being "connected" or "coupled" to another element, it can be directly connected or coupled to the other element or intervening elements may be present.

FIG. 1 illustrates use of respective segment loading indicators 100_1 - 100_N to monitor loading of respective load segment outputs 15_1 - 15_N that serve respective load segments attached to an output of a power supply 10, according to some embodiments of the present invention. It will be appreciated that, although exemplary embodiments described herein relate to UPS applications, the invention may be used with any of a number of different types of power supplies, including, but not limited to, AC power supplies, DC power supplies, UPSs that provide AC and/or DC power, generators, fuel cells, and the like. It will be further understood that load segment load indication may be provided using any of a number of different types of indications provided by any of a number of different types of indicator devices, including, but not limited to, visual indications provided by devices such as LEDs, lamps, or liquid crystal displays (LCDs), and/or audible indications provided by tone generators or other audio devices.

FIG. 2 illustrates an exemplary embodiment of the present invention in a UPS 200. The UPS 200 includes UPS circuitry 210, such as power conversion circuitry, transfer switch circuitry and associated control circuitry, that provides power to first and second load segment outputs 220a, 220b. First and second segment loading indicators 230a, 230b are coupled to respective ones of the load segment outputs 220a, 220b and provide indication of the loading thereof. For example, the segment

loading indicators 230a, 230b may provide visual indication of the relative loading of the load segment outputs 220b, 220c with respect to a load rating thereof.

Such indication may comprise, for example, an indication as to when loading of the segment exceeds some predetermined maximum, for example, by illuminating an LED or lamp to indicate the presence of an overload. In further embodiments, the loading indication may be of a relative loading (e.g., a percentage) of the segment with respect to a predetermined maximum. For example, a plurality of lamps or LEDs may be provided, illumination of which provide indication of respective loading levels for the load segment output. Such an indication may be particularly advantageous in applications in which it is desired to balance loading among load segments. For example, in some embodiments, a first LED may indicate a first loading level (e.g., 25%), a second LED may indicate a second loading level (e.g., 50%), a third LED may indicate a fourth loading level (e.g., 75%) and fourth LED may indicate an overload (e.g., 100% or greater). In other embodiments, multiple LEDs could be replaced by an LED capable of producing different color displays for respective loading levels, or a display device that produces a bar graph or other display format suited for indicating relative loading. In still other embodiments, an electromechanical device, such as a meter movement, may be used to provide a visual indication of loading.

FIG. 3 illustrates segment loading indication according to further exemplary embodiments of the invention. UPS circuitry 310 provides power to first and second load segment outputs 320a, 320b that are protected by respective circuit protection devices, here shown as circuit breakers 315a, 315b. First and second segment loading indicators 330a, 330b are configured to be coupled to the respect segment load outputs 320a, 320b. Each is operative to provide an indication of loading of the load segment output 320a, 320b to which it is coupled with respect to a load rating of the associated protective device 315a, 315b. Such an approach may be particularly advantageous, for example, in applications in which one or more UPSs are used to provide power to a power distribution unit (PDU), load panel, or similar multi-segment power distribution device that includes integral circuit protection devices (e.g., circuit breakers) for protecting branch circuits. For example, in rack-mounted UPS applications in which multiple UPSs are connected in parallel to provide power to a PDU, such an arrangement may provide information that can prevent overloading

of particular branches that generally would not be provided by individual load level indicators on the individual UPSs.

According to further exemplary embodiments of the invention, a rear panel loading indicator may be provided in a power supply device, such as a UPS. For example, as shown in FIG. 4A, a rack-mountable UPS 400 may provide a user interface 420 on a front panel 410 that includes, for example, a pushbutton switch 422 for turning the UPS 400 on and off, a pushbutton switch 424 for silencing an alarm, LEDs 426, 428 for indicating fault and "on battery" conditions, and a plurality of LEDs 429 that are used to indicate loading of the UPS 400. Referring to FIG. 4B, a power output 440 may be provided on a rear panel 430 the UPS 400. According to some embodiments of the invention, the UPS 400 may further include an auxiliary rear panel mounted loading indicator 450 coupled to the power output 440. The presence of such an auxiliary loading indicator 450 may be particularly advantageous when connecting loads to the UPS 400, as it can eliminate the need to refer to the front panel indicator LEDs 429 to determine whether a connection of a new load might undesirably load the UPS 400. As shown in FIG. 5, a UPS 500 that includes multiple rear-panel load segment outputs 510a, 510b may be similarly provided with rear-panel segment loading indicators 520a, 520b for the respective load segment outputs 510a, 510b. Although FIGs. 4A, 4B and 5 illustrate rack-mountable UPSs, it will be appreciated that similar rear-panel loading indicators may be provided in power supplies having other form factors, such as console-type UPSs.

FIGs. 6-8 illustrate examples of provision of segment loading indicators in power distribution devices that are coupled to a power supply, such as a UPS. Referring to FIG. 6, a power distribution unit (PDU) 620 receives power from a plurality of UPSs 610a, 610b, 610c, and distributes it to respective load segments via respective load segment outputs 622₁ - 622_N. The PDU 620 further includes respective segment loading indicators 624₁ - 624_N that are coupled to the respective load segment outputs 622₁ - 622_N and operative to provide indication of the loading of the respective load segment outputs 622₁ - 622_N. For example, as shown in FIG. 7, a UPS rack 710 may include a plurality of UPSs 712 and battery modules 714, and may provide power to a PDU 720 including multiple circuit breakers 722 and associated loading indicators 724 for various circuits served by the PDU 720. It will be understood that such load segment indicators 724 may be provided on a rear panel and/or a front panel of the PDU 720.

FIGs. 8 and 9 illustrate exemplary load indicators that may be used in embodiments of the invention. Referring to FIG. 8, a loading indicator 800 may include a current transformer 820 configured to sense current in a conductor 810a of a pair of conductors 810a, 810b that couple a load segment output to a load segment. An indicator circuit 830 is coupled to the current transformer 820 and responsively generates an indication of loading of the load segment output, e.g., by illuminating one or more LEDs responsive to a voltage developed by the current transformer 820. Referring to FIG. 9, a load indicator 900 may include an amplifier 930 that amplifies a voltage developed across a shunt resistor 920 coupled in series with a conductor 910a of a pair of conductors 910a, 910b that connect a load segment output to a load segment. An indicator circuit 940 generates an indication of loading of the load segment output responsive to the amplified voltage. A power converter 950 may be coupled to the conductors 910a, 910b to provide a power supply for the amplifier 930 and the indicator circuit 940.

It will be appreciated that the load indicators 800, 900 may be integrated into a power supply (e.g., a UPS), a power distribution device (e.g., a PDU), or similar power distribution device, such as a load panel. In the drawings and specification, there have been disclosed exemplary embodiments of the invention. Although specific terms are employed, they are used in a generic and descriptive sense only and not for purposes of limitation, the scope of the invention being defined by the following claims.